Houses under Indira Gandhi Awas Yojana in Gujarat

2458. SHRI RAMSINGBHAI PATALIYABHAI RATHVAKOLI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether there are any plans and projects to build houses under "The Indira Gandhi Awas Yojana" in various parts of Gujarat and particularly in the districts of Vadodara, Surat, Broach, Valsad, Rajkot, Bhavnagar and Amreli during 1st September, 1987 to 31st December, 1988;

(b) if so, the details thereof, and how much land and amount were earmarked for the scheme;

(c) how many such houses have been built in the above districts of Gujarat as well as in the country after the inception of the Indira Gandhi Awas Yojana; and

(d) what are the rules, regulations, incentives, guidelines and criteria for builders of the scheme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI RAMANAND YADAV): (a) and (b) Indira Awas Yojana is applicable to the rural areas of all the States and Union Territories. The allocation of funds to Gujarat under the Yojana for the year 1987-88 is Rs. 4.10 crores. Under the Yojana the houses are constructed for members of Scheduled Caste|Scheduled Tribe and released bonded labourers on a 100 per cent subsidy basis for which the land is made available by the State|Union Territory Governments. The number of units are planned by the State Government in a given year in accordance with the available resources.

(c) The houses constructed so far in Gujarat under Indira Awas Yojana during the period 1985-87 are 5829. The total number of houses constructed in the whole country during this period is 1,94,617.

(d) Houses under the Yojana are constructed for members of Scheduled Caste|Scheduled Tribe and freed bonded labourers who are below poverty line, on a 100 per cent subsidy basis. The construction is through the agencies identified by the State/Union Territory Governments, without engaging any contractors The detailed guidelines regarding the Yojana are available at page 123 to 145 of the National Rural Employment Programme (NREP) and Rural Landless Employment Guarantee Programme (RLEGP) Manual October, 1986, copies of which have been placed in Parliament Library.

Deep Sea fishing

2459. PROF. B. RAMACHANDRA RAO:
SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL:
SHRI MIRZA IRSHADBAIG:
SHRI G. SWAMY NAIK:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have evolved a new policy for deep sea fishing leading to joint ventures with foreign fishing companies;

(b) what are the main features of this policy;

(c) whether this liberalisation for buying even 7 to 8 year old trawlers under joint venture is likely to affect the indigenisation of the deep sea fishing; and

(d) what steps Government are taking to encourage indigenous ship builders for building deep sea fishing vessels?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) Yes, Sir.